

# Docker Compose

# Docker Compose

- Manages building/running docker images/containers
- Build and run with one command
  - `docker compose up --build --force-recreate`
- No need to use `docker build` and `docker run`
- Will be used later to manage multiple containers
  - Separate container for your database
- Let's walk through a `docker-compose.yml` file

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'
services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

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services:
  app:
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```

- Specify the docker compose file format version
- Version 3 is the current latest version

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
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services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

- List all of the services for docker compose to run
- A docker container is created for each service
- Later, we will create a second service for our database



# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'
services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

- Name each service
- We have one service that we name "app"
- This name becomes the hostname when communicating between containers
- This will be important when we add a database

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'
services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

- Use 'build' to specify the path to build from
- Docker Compose will look in this directory for a Dockerfile and use it to build the image
- Same as the trailing '.' when building an image

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'
services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

- Map a local port to a container port
- Same as using "-p 8080:8000" when running a single container



# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'
services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

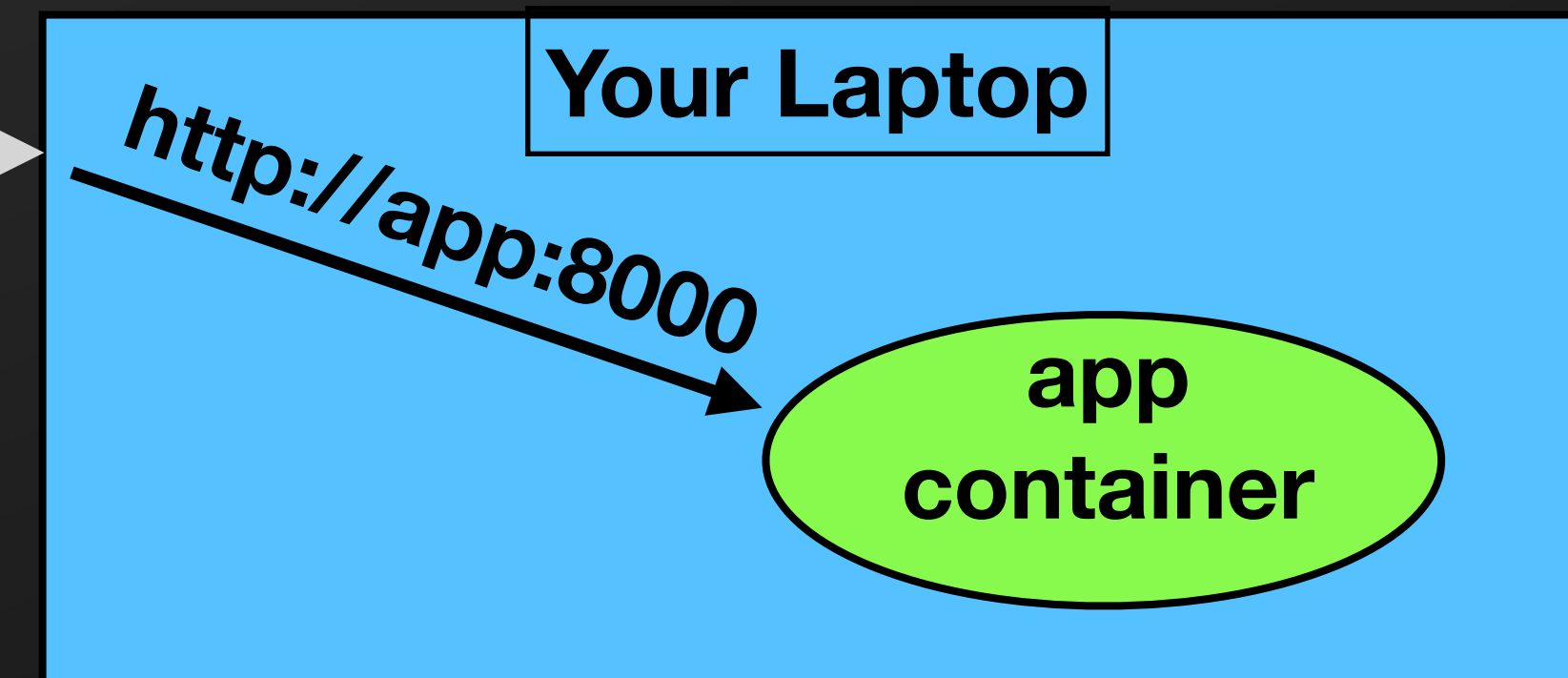
- Mapping a port allows your app [inside the container] to be accessed from your machine
- This line maps your local port 8080 [On your machine] to port 8000 inside your container

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'  
services:  
  app:  
    build: .  
    ports:  
      - '8080:8000'
```

http://localhost:8080



- When your machine receives a request for the mapped port
- Docker forwards the request to the container on the specified port

# Docker Compose

docker-compose.yml

```
version: '3'
services:
  app:
    build: .
    ports:
      - '8080:8000'
```

- This file is then used to build an image and run the container using docker compose

# Running Your App

- To run your app
  - `docker compose up`
- To run in detached mode
  - `docker compose up -d`
- To **rebuild** and restart the containers
  - `docker compose up --build --force-recreate`
  - \*This is the best command to use!
- To restart the container without rebuilding
  - `docker compose restart`



# Running Your App

- To **rebuild** and restart the containers
  - `docker compose up --build --force-recreate`
- Use this command during development
- Very important to rebuild your images after you change code
  - If you don't, you will not see your changes since you'll be running your old code



# Demos